

Q.1) What do you understand by output devices? Explain any 2 devices in detail.

Output device
An output device is a hardware component that receives data from the computer's processor and converts it into a form that can be perceived by humans. Examples of output devices include monitors, printers, speakers, and scanners.

Accuracy → Accuracy is a computer feature that ensures that the computer produces accurate results based on the input data provided. It is essential for applications where precision is required, such as scientific calculations or financial modeling.

Automatic → Automatic processes are those that run without the need for human intervention. These processes are often used for tasks that are repetitive or time-consuming, such as backups, updates, and data synchronization.

Q.2) Define system software in detail.

Software
Software is a collection of programs, procedures, and data that instruct a computer to perform specific tasks. It is divided into system software and application software. System software includes operating systems, device drivers, and utility programs. Application software includes word processors, spreadsheets, and web browsers.

Ex:- Rom, Ram, etc.

Example of software is Rom or Ram. It is a hardware component that stores data and instructions. It is used to store the operating system and other software programs. It is a permanent memory and does not lose data when power is off.

Ques = 3 Differentiate between application software and system software.

Application Software

ये software application पर work करता करता है इसमें हम software पर work करते हैं।
ये software की Applications का है व यह जैसे work करता है Computer में मिलती भी Applications होती है - इसका use करने के लिए हम software set किया जाता है।

System Software

ये अभिप्राय है कि Computer में मिलती भी System Software है वह किस type system पर based है और वह system के विकास से ही work करती है उसे system software कहते हैं अर्थात कि system होता है जिस पर यह work करता है।